	DYSLEXIA PROFILE FOR THE WJ V								
Name			Date of Birth		ID				
School		Grade			Date				
The [name of state or count	ry] Education Code [§ statute	e numbe	er] defines dyslexia in t	he fol	lowing way:				
	,,		,		<i>.</i>				
International Dyslexia Asso	ciation Definition (2025)								
= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	haracterized by difficulties in word readir	ng and/or s	pelling that involve accuracy, spe	eed, or b	ooth and vary depending o	n the orthography. These			
· ·	everity and persist even with instruction		·						
	ental influences that interact throughout on nesses often foreshadow literacy challeng			-		-			
experience that can impede growth in la	anguage, knowledge, written expression, rgeted instruction are important at any ag	and overal	l academic achievement. Psycho	logical	well-being and employmer	nt opportunities may also be			
Authors' note: Dyslexia affects reading a	at the single word level, reading fluency a	nd rate, ar	nd spelling. In turn, these weakne	esses ca	use difficulties with readin	g comprehension and written			
memory, rapid automatized naming, and	najor linguistic risk factors of dyslexia incl d processing speed. Other abilities, such a and spelling difficulties are often unexpec	as general i	intelligence, reasoning, oral langu	age, mat					
A Drin			For use with the WJ V <sup>1</sup>	•	ho areas of concorn				
	nary and Secondary Reading, Sp	Jeiling, a							
☐ Letter-Sound Knowledge <sup>2</sup>	g and Spelling Difficulties Spelling <sup>2</sup>		Reading Comprehension	у кеа	ding and Writing Di	micuities			
☐ Letter names <sup>2</sup>	☐ Spelling Skills		☐ Reading Comprehension	on					
$\Box$ Letter sounds <sup>2</sup>	☐ Spelling		☐ Passage Comprehen						
☐ Basic Reading Skills	☐ Spelling of Sounds				☐ Paragraph Reading Comprehension				
☐ Letter-Word Identification	☐ Phoneme-Grapheme Kno	_			☐ Written Expression				
☐ Word Attack	☐ Word Attack	☐ Sentence Writing Fluency							
☐ Phoneme-Grapheme Knowled			☐ Written Language Sa	amples					
☐ Word Attack	☐ Spelling in context								
☐ Spelling of Sounds	☐ Class Work Samples <sup>2</sup>	. 2							
☐ Reading Fluency	☐ Written Language San	-							
☐ Word Reading Fluency	☐ Sentence Writing Accu	ıracy							
☐ Sentence Reading Fluency ☐ Oral Reading*									
<del>-</del>	Linevistic Abilities, Bessible Cont		Factors Charletha average			· factore			
	Linguistic Abilities: Possible Cont	1			-				
Phonological Processing <sup>3</sup>	Orthographic Awareness <sup>4, 5</sup>	Memo	•		l Automatized ng (RAN)	Processing Speed			
<ul> <li>□ Phonological Awareness²</li> <li>□ Sound Blending</li> </ul>	<ul><li>☐ Number-Pattern Matching</li><li>☐ Letter-Pattern Matching</li></ul>		litory Working Memory Capacity		N Reading	☐ Cognitive Processing Speed			
☐ Segmentation	☐ Letter-Word Identification	l	erbal Attention		Rapid Number	☐ Number-Pattern			
☐ Phonological Manipulation	☐ Word Attack	□N	umbers Reversed		Naming	Matching			
☐ Sound Deletion	☐ Spelling	☐ Visu	ial Working Memory	□ F	Rapid Letter Naming	☐ Letter-Pattern			
☐ Sound Substitution	☐ Spelling of Sounds	☐ Aud	litory Memory Span	□ F	Rapid Phoneme	Matching			
☐ Phonemic Retrieval Fluency			lemory For Words	ı	Naming				
☐ Phonemic Word Retrieval			entence Repetition						
☐ Rapid Phoneme Naming			g-Term Storage						
☐ Sound Reversal*			cory Recall						
☐ Nonsense Word Repetition*			cory Comprehension						
·			mal-Number Sequencing* lerstanding Directions*						
	ding is Not Required Check the ar	eas that		in the i	1	ing and spelling skills.			
Cognitive Abilities	Oral Language	Mathematics  ☐ Math Calculation S		Knowledge Skills		/nowlodge			
<ul><li>☐ General Intellectual Ability</li><li>☐ Gf-Gc Composite</li></ul>	_	☐ Oral Expression			ills ☐ Comprehension Knowledge ☐ Academic Applications				
☐ Fluid Reasoning	☐ Vocabulary <sup>6</sup>	☐ Listening Comprehension ☐ Vocabulary <sup>6</sup>			<ul> <li>□ Number Concepts</li> <li>□ Math Problem Solving</li> <li>□ Academic Application</li> <li>□ Academic Knowledge</li> </ul>				
	D. At-Risk Indicators: Check th	e areas be				<u> </u>			
	☐ Family history	_	rly speech-language issues						
	C		Consideration						
☐ Data demonstrate character	ristics of dyslexia. $\Box$ Data de	emonstrat	e characteristics of dyslexia; h	owever	, these characteristics				

 $\hfill\square$  Data do not demonstrate characteristics of dyslexia.

Evaluator(s) \_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

would not be consistent with [State] guidelines for the identification of dyslexia.

## **Section II: Scores**

Ar	ea Tested	Battery	Test Date	Cluster/Test/CHC Broad Ability	Low/Below Average SS <40-89 PR <1-24	Average SS 90-110 PR 25-75	High/Above Average SS 111> PR 76>	RPI <sup>7</sup>	
	Letter- Sound Knowledge	Informal Assessment		Letter-Sound Knowledge²  Letter Names²**  □ Limited □ Typical □ Advanced  Case: Lower/26 Upper/26  Letter Sounds²**  □ Limited □ Typical □ Advanced  Consonants Vowels					
ies				Basic Reading Skills				/90	
cult	Basic Reading Skills	WJ V ACH		Letter-Word Identification (Grw)				/90	
itti	Skills			Word Attack (Grw, Ga)				/90	
] g				Reading Fluency				/90	
<u>≒</u>	Reading	WJ V ACH		Word Reading Fluency (Gs, Grw)				/90	
Spe	Fluency	WJ V ACH		Sentence Reading Fluency (Gs, Grw)				/90	
pu				Oral Reading (Grw)*				/90	
g a				Spelling Skills				/90	
ğ				Spelling (Grw)				/90	
Rea	Primary Reading and Spelling Skills  Reading Fluency  Reading Spelling Spelling	WJ V ACH		Spelling of Sounds (Ga, Grw)				/90	
L.				Spelling in Context					
ii.				Class Work Samples <sup>2**</sup>					
P				☐ Limited ☐ Typical ☐ Advanced					
				Written Language Samples <sup>6**</sup> ☐ Limited ☐ Typical ☐ Advanced					
				Sentence Writing Accuracy (Grw) $\square$ Limited $\square$ Typical $\square$ Advanced					
	Phoneme -			Phoneme-Grapheme Knowledge⁵				/90	
	Grapheme	WJ V ACH		Word Attack (Grw, Ga) ⁵				/90	
	Knowledge			Spelling of Sounds (Ga, Grw) <sup>5</sup>				/90	
g ies				Reading Comprehension				/90	
adir	Reading Comprehension	WJ V ACH		Passage Comprehension (Grw, Gc)				/90	
Secondary Reading & Writing Difficulties	Comprehension			Paragraph Reading Comprehension (Grw, Gc)				/90	
dar) ing I		WJ V ACH		Written Expression				/90	
con Vriti	Written		WJ V ACH	WJ V ACH		Sentence Writing Fluency (Gs, Grw)			
Se 8 v	Expression		Written Language Samples (Grw)				/90		
		Primary	and Se	condary Reading and Writing Difficu	Ities/Comr	nents			

Ar	ea Tested	Battery	Test Date	Cluster/Test/CHC Broad Ability	Low/Below Average SS <40-89 PR <1-24	Average SS 90-110 PR 25-75	High/Above Average SS 111> PR 76>	RPI <sup>7</sup>
				Phonological Awareness <sup>3</sup>				/90
				Sound Blending (Ga)				/90
	Dh an alasian			Segmentation (Ga)				/90
		WJ V VTL		Phonological Manipulation				/90
				Sound Deletion (Ga)				/90
	Phonological Processing <sup>2</sup>			Sound Substitution (Ga)				/90
	Processing			Sound Reversal (Ga)*				/90
S		WJ V COG		Phonemic Retrieval Fluency (Ga)				/90
ಕ		WJ V VTL		Rapid Phoneme Naming (Gs, Gr)				/90
Fa		WJ V COG		Phonemic Word Retrieval (Gr)				/90
ing		W V VTL		Nonsense Word Repetition (Ga, Gwm)*				/90
or i				Orthographic Awareness <sup>4,5</sup>				
Ę		WJ V COG		Number-Pattern Matching (Gs)				/90
Outhorner Live	M1 A COG		Letter-Pattern Matching (Gs)				/90	
6 C	tive and Linguistic Abilities: Possible Contributing Factors  Output  Output  We man and Linguistic Abilities: Possible Contributing Factors  Amareness 3,4	WJ V ACH		Letter-Word Identification (Grw)				/90
ldi				Word Attack (Grw, Ga) <sup>5</sup>				/90
oss	VVJ V ACIT		Spelling (Grw)				/90	
<u>.</u> ۲:				Spelling of Sounds (Grw) <sup>5</sup>				/90
ties				Auditory Working Memory Capacity				/90
<b>I</b>		WJ V COG  MW V VTL		Verbal Attention (Gwm)				/90
¥				Numbers Reversed (Gwm)				/90
sti.	tic			Auditory Memory Span				/90
ğui				Memory for Words (Gwm)				/90
į.	Memory			Sentence Repetition (Gwm)				/90
P				Long-Term Storage				/90
ar				Story Recall (GI)				/90
<u></u>	ive			Story Comprehension (GI)				/90
i i				Animal-Number Sequencing (Gwm)*				/90
Cogni				Understanding Directions (Gwm, Gf)*				/90
		WJ V VTL -		RAN-Reading				/90
	Rapid			Rapid Number Naming (Gs, Gr)				/90
Automatize Naming				Rapid Letter Naming (Gs, Gr)				/90
	ivarriing			Rapid Phoneme Naming (Gr, Ga)				/90
		_		Cognitive Processing Speed				/90
	Processing			Number-Pattern Matching (Gs)				/90
	Speed			Letter-Pattern Matching (Gs)				/90

Cognitive and Linguistic Abilities: Possible Contributing Factors/Comments

Are	ea Tested	Battery	Test Date	Cluster/Test/CHC Broad Ability	Low/Below Average SS <40-89 PR <1-24	Average SS 90-110 PR 25-75	High/Above Average SS 111> PR 76>	RPI <sup>7</sup>
				General Intellectual Ability (GIA)				/90
				Oral Vocabulary (Gc)				/90
				Matrices (Gf)				/90
				Spatial Relations (Gv)				/90
		WJ V COG		Story Recall (GI)				/90
			Semantic Word Retrieval (Gr)				/90	
				Verbal Attention (Gwm)				/90
				Number-Pattern Matching (Gs)				/90
	Cognitive			Verbal Analogies (Gc,Gf)				/90
	Abilities			Gf-Gc Composite				/90
				Oral Vocabulary (Gc)				/90
		WJ V COG		Matrices (Gf)				/90
				Verbal Analogies (Gc, Gf)				/90
				Analysis-Synthesis (Gf)				/90
eq				Fluid Reasoning (Gf)				/90
uir		WJ V COG		Matrices (Gf)				/90
\ed		WJ V COG		Analysis-Synthesis (Gf)				/90
o t				Concept Formation (Gf)*				/90
Ž				Oral Expression				/90
				Picture Vocabulary (Gc)				/90
Learn When Reading is Not Required  Outlied  BasenBurner  BasenBurner				Oral Language Samples (Gl, Gc)				/90
	WJ V ACH		Listening Comprehension				/90	
			Oral Comprehension (Gc)				/90	
Vhe	/he			Story Comprehension (GI)				/90
2				Vocabulary <sup>6</sup>				/90
ear				Picture Vocabulary (Gc)				/90
				Academic Vocabulary (Gc)				/90
Ability to				Math Calculation Skills				/90
≝				Calculation (Gq)				/90
<del> </del>	Mathematics	WJ V ACH		Math Facts Fluency (Gs, Gq)				/90
				Math Problem Solving				/90
				Applied Problems (Gq)				/90
				Math Problem Identification (Gq, Gf)				/90
		WJ V COG		Comprehension Knowledge (Gc)				/90
				Oral Vocabulary (Gc)				/90
				Verbal Analogies (Gc, Gf)				/90
		ge WJ V ACH		Academic Applications				/90
				Passage Comprehension (Grw, Gc)				/90
Knowle	Knowledge							/90
								/90
					1			/90
				_	1			
								/90
				Academic Facts (Gc)				/90
	Knowledge	WJ V ACH		Applied Problems (Gq) Written Language Samples (Grw) Academic Knowledge <sup>6</sup> Academic Vocabulary(Gc) Academic Facts (Gc)				

Determination of Characteristics of Dyslexia for Committee Consideration/Additional Comments	<u>=</u>
Determination of characteristics of Dysiexia for Committee Consideration, Additional Comments	_

Ability to Learn When Reading is Not Required/Comments

Italicized clusters and tests indicate informal measures

- 1. The WJ V Dyslexia Profile (Proctor & Mather, 2025) was adapted from the WJ IV Dyslexia Profile by C. Proctor, N. Mather, T. Stephens-Pisecco, and L. E. Jaffe (May, 2017).
- Qualitative observation ratings of "limited," "typical," and "advanced" as they pertain to letter names, letter sounds, and spelling in context are subjective assessments of a student's letter knowledge in isolation and spelling abilities when they are writing within sentences, paragraphs, or longer pieces of text. The ratings in regard to spelling abilities go beyond simply identifying correctly or incorrectly spelled words in isolation and consider how spelling impacts the overall clarity and fluency of the writing.
- 3. If the student exhibits reading and spelling difficulties and currently has average phonological/phonemic awareness, review the student's history to determine if there is evidence of previous interventions Addressing phonological/phonemic awareness. Prior effective instruction in phonological/phonemic awareness may remediate these skills in isolation. Thus, average phonological awareness scores alone do not rule out the existence of dyslexia. Ongoing phonological awareness deficits can also be exhibited in word reading and/or spelling.
- 4. A weakness in orthographic awareness can be a significant contributing factor to dyslexia. Orthographic awareness is often assessed through tests of irregular word reading and spelling. A person's recognition and retrieval of orthographic patterns may be ascertained by analysis of the patterns of responses, as well as the scores, on measures of exception word reading and spelling. Students with a weakness in orthographic awareness are more successful in reading and spelling phonically regular words than irregular words and tend to spell irregular words the way they sound, rather than the way they look.
- 5. Word Attack and Spelling of Sounds are measures of phonics decoding and encoding skills (sounding out or spelling unfamiliar or nonsense words using blending and letter-sound correspondences). They are not pure phonological awareness tasks because they involve letters so both phonological and orthographic awareness are required to read and spell nonsense words.
- 6. Consider that as a person grows older, limited reading affects the development of vocabulary and knowledge.
- 7. The Relative Proficiency Index (RPI) is derived from a mathematical prediction based on the normative data. It predicts a person's expected percentage of proficiency for tasks that the comparison group (age or grade) would perform with 90 percent proficiency. The RPI is recorded as two numbers separated by a slash (/). The first number is the person's expected level of proficiency; the second number is always 90, the criterion of mastery. For example, Jeremy's Word Attack score of 47/90 indicates that when reading unfamiliar words at grade level, his proficiency is likely to be 47% when his average age- or grade-peer's proficiency would be 90%. The following table presents the level of proficiency and the instructional implications of some possible RPI ranges when the person is doing grade- or age-level work.

<sup>\*</sup> Single Tests

<sup>\*\*</sup> Qualitative Observation Ratings<sup>5</sup>

RPI	Proficiency	Instructional Implications
100/90	Very advanced	Extremely easy
98/90 to 100/90	Advanced	Very easy
95/90 to 98/90	Average to advanced	Easy
82/90 to 95/90	Average	Manageable
67/90 to 82/90	Limited to average	Difficult
24/90 to 67/90	Limited	Very difficult
3/90 to 24/90	Very limited	Extremely difficult
0/90 to 3/90	Extremely limited	Nearly impossible